

This policy was presented to the Full Governing Body: 1 st October 2025	Coordinator: Alexis Baker
Head Teacher: Elaine Ashcroft	Review Date: October 2026

All information that is collected and stored relating to this policy is subject to the school's Data Protection Policy.

Purpose: To establish a procedure for dealing with complaints relating to the school, as required by section 29(1) (a) of the Education Act 2002 working alongside the DfE recommendations for Complaints Procedures in School see;

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-complaints-procedures/best-practice-advice-for-school-complaints-procedures-2019>

Scope: All matters relating to the actions of staff and application of school procedures where they affect the individual pupils concerned, except matters relating to exclusion or admissions which are subject to separate procedures.

General Principles:

- An anonymous complaint will not be investigated under this procedure unless there are exceptional circumstances.
- To allow for a proper investigation, complaints should be brought to the attention of the school as soon as possible. Any matters raised more than 3 months after the event being complained of will not be considered, save in exceptional circumstances.
- A letter acknowledging receipt of the complaint will be sent as soon as possible. This would be expected to be within 5 working days. The complainant will be kept informed and the investigation completed as soon as possible.

Part A: Complaining about the actions of a member of staff other than the Head Teacher.

1) Informal Stage

If issues arise, the complainant is normally expected to arrange to communicate directly with the member of staff concerned. This may be by a quick conversation after school, letter, by telephone or in person by appointment. Many concerns can be resolved by simple clarification or the provision of information and it is anticipated that most complaints will be resolved by this informal stage. We would always aim to have a polite conversation however in the event of abusive or threatening behaviour on the part of the complainant the discussion will be terminated and another meeting convened when minutes are likely to be taken by a third party or mediator.

2) Formal Stage

If the complaint is not resolved at the informal stage the complainant must put the complaint in writing and pass it to the Head Teacher, who will be responsible for its investigation.

The complainant should include details which might assist the investigation, such as names of potential witnesses, dates and times of events, and copies of relevant documents. In addition, the Head Teacher may meet with the complainant to clarify the complaint. The Head Teacher will collect such other evidence as he deems necessary. Where this involves an interview with a member of staff, who is the subject of the complaint, that member of staff may be accompanied by a friend or representative if they wish.

The investigation will begin as soon as possible and when it has been concluded, the complainant, and the member of staff concerned, will be informed in writing of the outcome. This may be to the effect that:

- There is insufficient evidence to reach a conclusion, so the complaint cannot be upheld
- The concern is not substantiated by the evidence
- The concern was substantiated in part or in full. [Some details may then be given of action the school may be taking to review procedures etc... but details of the investigation or of any disciplinary procedures will not be released]
- The matter has been fully investigated and that appropriate procedures are being followed, which are **strictly confidential** [e.g. where staff disciplinary procedures are being followed]

The complainant will be told that consideration of their complaint by the Head Teacher is now concluded. If the complainant is not satisfied with the manner in which the process has been followed, the complainant may request that the Governing Body review the process followed by the Head Teacher in handling the complaint. Any such request must be made in writing within 2 weeks of receiving notice of the outcome from the Head Teacher, and include a statement specifying any perceived failures to follow the procedure. The procedure described in Part C will be followed.

Part B - Complaining about the actions of the Head Teacher

1) Informal stage

The complainant is usually expected to arrange to speak directly with the Head Teacher. [In the case of serious concerns, it may be appropriate to raise them directly with the Chair of the Governing Body]. Many concerns can be resolved by simple clarification or the provision of information. If the matter is not resolved, if both parties agree, then a third party may be invited to act as a mediator at a further meeting. A refusal, unreasonably, to attempt an informal resolution may result in the procedure being terminated forthwith.

2) Formal Stage

If the complaint is not resolved at the informal stage the complainant must put the complaint in writing and pass it to the Chair of the governing body who will determine which of the agreed procedures to invoke. If it is determined that the complaint is "General", the Chair will arrange for its investigation. The complainant should include details which might assist the

investigation, such as names of potential witnesses, dates and times of events, copies of relevant documents etc. In addition, the complainant will be invited to meet with the Chair to present oral evidence or to clarify the complaint.

The Chair will collect such other evidence as is deemed necessary. This may include the interviewing of witnesses and others who may provide relevant information.

The Head Teacher will be provided with a copy of the complaint and any additional evidence presented by the complainant or collected by the Chair. Once there has been an opportunity for the Head Teacher to consider this, he will be invited to meet separately with the Chair, in order to present written and oral evidence in response. The Head Teacher may be accompanied at this meeting by a friend or representative. When the investigation has been concluded, the complainant and the Head Teacher will be informed in writing of the outcome. The complainant will not be informed of any disciplinary/capability action.

The complainant will be told that consideration of their complaint by the Chair is now concluded. If the complainant is not satisfied with the manner in which the process has been followed, or considers that the decision of the Chair is perverse, or that the Chair has acted unreasonably in considering the complaint, then the complainant may request that the Governing Body review the handling of the complaint by the Chair. Any such request must be made in writing within 2 weeks of receiving notice of the outcome from the Chair, and include a statement specifying any perceived failures.

Part C: Review Process

Any review of the process followed by the Head Teacher or the Chair shall be conducted by a panel of 3 members of the Governing Body. The review will normally be conducted through a consideration of written submissions, but reasonable requests to make oral representations should be considered sympathetically.

- The panel will first receive written evidence from the complainant.
- The panel will then invite the Head Teacher or the Chair, as appropriate, to make a response to the complaint.
- The panel may also have access to the records kept of the process followed.
- The complainant, and the Head Teacher or the Chair, as appropriate, will be informed in writing of the outcome. This may be to the effect that:
 - There is insufficient evidence to reach a conclusion, so the complaint cannot be upheld
 - The concern is not substantiated by the evidence
 - The concern was substantiated in part or in full but that the procedural failure did not affect the outcome significantly so the matter is now closed.
 - The concern was substantiated in part or in full and the Governing Body will take steps to prevent a recurrence or to rectify the situation [where this is practicable]

Notes

The complainant is not entitled to access to any details of the investigation except for any statements that may have been provided by their child. Any information relating to the

application of disciplinary procedures is strictly confidential. If a complainant believes that the Governing Body has acted illegally or arbitrarily in handling the complaint, then the complainant may make representations to the Secretary of State for Education.

Annex:

Investigation Procedure –

The investigation of an allegation or a complaint should always be carried out thoroughly and responsibly, irrespective of whether the complaint appears to be trivial or serious. The outcome of such an investigation will have significance not only for the complainant but also for the member of staff against whom the complaint has been made.

Any procedure should include provision that “An anonymous complaint will not be investigated under this procedure unless there are exceptional circumstances.” These would include serious concerns such as child protection issues or bullying allegations, where the school would either involve appropriate external agencies or else conduct its own internal review to test whether there is any corroborative evidence which might trigger a formal investigation.

Where the Head Teacher or Chair of Governors receives a complaint, it should be acknowledged formally and a commitment made that the complaint will be investigated and the outcome of the investigation notified to the complainant in due course.

The member of staff against whom the complaint has been made, should be notified that a complaint has been received, provided with a copy of the complaint and be informed that an investigation will be carried out.

It is essential that there is a clear understanding of the complaint. Where necessary the nature of the complaint should be confirmed with the complainant. Once the complaint has been confirmed the investigator should establish who they wish to interview and what documentation they will need to review. Arrangements should be agreed so that accurate notes can be taken of all interviews and the outcome of the investigation be accurately recorded. The complainant and the member of staff should be given the opportunity to offer documentation and to identify potential witnesses or sources of evidence.

The member of staff subject to the complaint should be advised that they may be accompanied by a friend or trade union representative when invited to be interviewed.

Where children are potential witnesses, discretion should be exercised over their involvement. Pupils should only be interviewed when the nature of the complaint is sufficiently serious to warrant it and adult witnesses are not available. Only in extreme circumstances will younger pupils be interviewed.

Any interviews should be conducted as soon as possible to ensure that recollections are as fresh as possible and to minimise the possibility that evidence will become tainted through witnesses discussing alleged incidents with other persons. In conducting interviews, the investigator should prepare the questions to be asked prior to the interview. These can

always be supplemented during the interview. The investigator should allow the interviewees to answer in their own way. Their responses should be listened to attentively. Any temptation to cut interviewees short or to seek to 'lead' them must be resisted. The interviewee should be given the opportunity of providing other relevant information at the end of the interview.

Interviewees should, however, be advised that their responses must be confined to the substance of the complaint. Any attempt by the interviewee to introduce information relating to other members of staff or to issues unrelated to the complaint should be resisted.

The investigator should avoid reaching conclusions or passing judgement until the investigation has been completed.

A summary of the process undertaken and the outcome of the investigation should be provided to both the complainant and the member of staff against whom the complaint has been made. Caution must be exercised in reporting back to the complainant as revealing certain details may prejudice the ability of the employee to continue in post.

Any recommendations should also be shared with all parties, unless there is good reason not to. Wherever possible, recommendations should be constructive and not punitive.

The complainant should be advised that he/she may, if they are not satisfied that the appropriate procedure has been followed, request a review of that process by the governing body.

The governing body should invite the LA to express a view on the retention of records of any complaints procedure.

The most extreme stance would be that: "All documentation relating to the complaint and its investigation and outcomes should be stored securely for a period of six years. [Where the complaint is on behalf of a child, then the school may wish to retain the documentation until 6 years after the child has attained the age of 18]."